NEW-YORK'S PITCHERS WEAK

THE GIANTS BEATEN AT PITTSBURG

THEIR BATTING GOOD BUT NOT TIMELY-THE SCORE 9 TO 6.

GAMES YESTERDAY.
ittaburg 9, New York 6.
cooklyn 10, Louisville 4.
chicaco 7, Phila Fiphia 4.
cston 5, Cinclanat 2.
St. Louis 6. Washington 5.

Pitsburg, Aug. 29.-The Pittsburgs hit Crane at opritune times and won easily. Esper retired in the mid-e of the seventh luning, Terry taking his place.

die of the seventh inning, Terry taking his place.

The New-Yorkers batted just as hard and for the same totals, but the hits were scattered and did not bring in so many runs. Burke, Doyle, Ewing, Boyle and Fuller played finely. The home team took the lead at the start and maintained the advantage to the end. The result makes the two teams a tie in the championship race. The

PITTSBURG.	NEW-YORK.			
r 1b po a e	r lb po a e			
Miller, c 1 1 6 1 0	Eurke, 2b 2 2 2 2 1			
Doneyan, c f 3 1 0 1 0	H. Lyons, e f. 0 1 1 0 2			
Smith, 1 f 1 0 3 0 0	Doyle, r 1 0 2 2 0 0			
Shugart, s s 2 8 3 2 0	Ewing, c 0 2 4 0 0			
Beckiey, 1b 1 1 10 0 0	D. Lyons, 3b. 0 0 0 2 1			
Farrell, 3b 1 8 2 3 1	O'Routke, 1 f. 0 0 2 0 0			
Kelley, c f 0 0 0 0 0	Boyle, 10			
Mierbauer, 2b., 0 0 2 2 0	Clause, Discourse 2 2 2 2 2 2			
Esper, p 0 0 1 2 0	Fuller, 8 8 1 1 3 3 0			
Terry, p 0 0 0 1 6	Totals 6 9 24 9 4			
Totals 9 9 27 12 1				
Pittsburg 1 2	2 2 0 2 0 0 x-9			

AN EASY VICTORY FOR THE BROOKLYNS. MISERABLE FIELDING OF THE LOUISVILLE NINE -THE SCORE 10 TO 4.

Louisville, Aug. 29.—The Brooklyns had everything their own way after the sixth inning to-day. The home team fielded miserably. Weather fair. Attendance, 1,200. The game was a well-played and exciting one up to the seventh inning, when the visitors bunched their hits and the home players their errors, seven runs resulting. The

LOUISVILLE. BROOKLYN.

Brown, c f 3 2 2 0 2 7 Taylor, r f 0 1 1 0 1 Weaver, 1 0 4 1 0 1	Ward. 2b 0 2 3 3 0 O'Brien, 1 f 2 1 0 0 0 Eroutsers, 1b 1 111 1 1 Eroutsers, 1b 1 14 0 0
Brown, c f. 8 2 2 0 2 2 Taylor, r f. 0 1 1 1 0 1 Weaver, 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 1 Weaver, 1 0 0 1 1 2 1 Hassett, 3b. 0 0 2 2 3 Jennings, s. 0 0 3 5 1 Whistler, 1b. 0 0 11 1 1 Meritt, c. 1 1 6 0 0 Clausen, p. 0 1 0 0	Corcorau, s s 1 0 3 5 1 Daly, 3b 1 1 1 2 0 Dalley, C 1 1 3 1 1 Kennedy, p 1 2 1 2 0
matel * 4 9 97 10 10	Totals
Louisville 7. Brooklyn 9. 3. O'Brien 3. Brouthers, Bu	Stolen bases Weaver, Ward
4, off Kennedy 1. Struck of Burns 2, Brouthers, Dalley. Time—2:10. Umpire—Snyder	Passed balls Merritt, Dailey.

THE RECORD.

THE RECORD.

The Giants are slipping down the baseball hill like a sew-fangled toboggan with steel runners. If the players centinue their present record they will soon be wallewing in the place made by the team of "has beens" which represented this city carrier in the season. There is hope, however, for the team will be home next week, when a better record pay he expected. better record may be expected.

better record may be expected.

An encouraging sign is that the whole team is not playing poorly. The present difficulty appears to be in the pitchers and neither King. Rusie nor Crane is pitching in the form which he ought to show at this stage of the race, and which he did sow in July and the early part of August. Therman's sickness came just as he was doing august. Therman's sickness came just as he was doing superb work with the lat, which has also preven detriauperb work with the lat, which has also preven detrimental to the team's success. Another defeat to-day may put the Giants in the second division. The record to date

is as follow Clube. Cleveland Boston Brooklyn Philadelphi New-York Pidsburg	Won. 28	16 17 17	.787 .5:8 .553 .533	Ciubs. Cincinnati Louisville Chicago Baltimore St. Louis Washingto		19 19 19 19 21 25 27	A00 .486 .485 .485 .309 .305
--	------------	----------------	------------------------------	--	--	--	---

ACTORS AND REPORTERS TO PLAY

The annual baseball game between the Actor and Reporter teams will be played at the Polo Grounds at 3 o'clock this afterneon. Both teams have religiously abstained from preliminary practice, and some queer incidents may result. They will play as follows:

dents may result.		Reporters.
Actors. George Fawcett	Positione.	A. H. C. Mitchell
George Fawcett	Pitcher	
		Langdon Smith
Burr W. McInton	A CHARLES AND A LOUIS . MAN THE PARTY OF THE	Sam Crane
Sam Reed		R. W. Curils
W. F. Mack	Third Disc.	co. E. Stackhouse
Ciarence Heritage.		eo. E. Stackhouse
Ignacio Martinetti		J. C. Kennedy
Pronk Lawton	Contro field	The Manuack
Richard F. Carroll.	Right field	A. T. Nicholson
Will Mandeville		A. I. Micholada
Howard Kyle	Substitute	R. F. Adams, Jr.
De Welf Hopper	Substitute	William Rankin
Marshall P. Wilder		
MPe Anna O'Reefe	Mascot	Miss Della Fox
MPE AIRE O Meet		

at West Brighten, S. I., to-morrow

GAMES IN OTHER CITIES.

St. Louis, Aug. 26.—The Washingtons were defected through their inability to gauge Hawley, who pitched effectively. Caruthers's two errors in the eighth gave Washington three runs. The Browns won by timely hitting and clever base-running. Attendance, 1,200. The score:

Washington

Basehita-St. Louis 11, Washington 7. Errors-St.

Basehita-St. Louis 11, Washington 7. Errors-St.

Parket St. Louis 11, Washington 7. Errors-St.

Basehita-St. Louis 11, Wash Cleveland, Aug. 19.-The League leaders gave their

Baltimore rivals a terrible thrashing to-day. Kling and Vickery were batted all over the field, while Young held the Orioles down to three hits. Attendance, 1,700. The 0 1 0 0 0 5 2 8 0-20 Basehits-Cleveland 1s, Baitimore 3. Errors-Cleveland Baitimore 3. Pitchers-Young, Kling and Vickery mpire-Lynch.

Cincinnati, Aug. 29.—The home team lost the game to Cincinnata, Aug. 22.

day by their inability to hit Nichols, while the Bostons day by their inability to one. Attendance, 2,000. The score outsatted them three to one. Attendance, 2,000. The score outsatted three three transfer outsatted three

Baschite Cincinnati 5. Boston 16. Errers Cincinnati Boston 4. Pitchers Stevens, Nichols and Sullivan, apire Burns. Chicago, Aug. 29.—To-day's game was a slugging match, e Costs came out best by making long hits in 1. The fielding on both sides was sharp. A

Ras-hits-Philadelphia 12, Chicago 9, Errors-Philadelphia 0, Chicago 1, Pitchers Kneil, Gumbert and Weyling, Umpire-Emsile,
Albany, Aug. 29—The Albany team defeated the Provi-

dence nine to-day after a well-played game, by the ing score:0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0-2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -Albany 6, Providence 7, Eriors-Albany 2, 0. Batteries-Devlin and Hayes; Kilroy and

Binghamton, Aug. 29.-The Binghamton team batted from Buffalo. The score:

Binghaniton 0 0 1 0 0 0 3 3 1-8

Buffalo 0 0 0 0 0 0 8 3 0 0-3

Basebits—Binghamton 15, Buffalo S. Farors—Binghamton 3, Buffalo 4. Batteries—Inas, Fitzgeraid and Heine, Fereman and Boyd. Rechester, Aug. 20.—The Rochester team showed up poorly at the bat to-day, and Troy won the game by the

Rochester Basehita-Rochester 3. Troy 9. Errors-Rochester 6, by 4. Batteries-McKeough and Dolan, Fricken and

DOWNFALL OF THE IRON HALL.

COMMISSIONER MERRILL SAYS THE ORDER IS AS DEAD AS A DOOR-NAIL.

Boston, Aug. 20.-Insurance Commissioner Merrill was seen to-day in relation to the latest statement made by Supreme Justice Somerby of the Iron Hall, wherein Somerby criticizes the court's action and expresses the belief that the order will be revived Commissioners said that it was sheer nonsense and amounted to nothing. "There is no chance," he said, "of resurrecting the Iron Hall. It is dead now as a door nail. The fact is, the people who have and are now identified with it have lost confidence in it by this latest showing up of the Order. The fraternal societies, like the Royal Arcanum, American Legion of Honor and Knights of nor, will feel the effect of the fall of the Iron Hall, but it will be only temporary and such organizations will weather it all right."

THERE are 40,000 families in and near New York who buy the LADIES' HOME JOURNAL. More than 700,000 copies sold throughout the country monthly in cities and

the larger towns.

J. S. Conover & Co.

28 and 30 West 23d St.

Open Fire-Places:

A fine and large assortment of Brass, Bronze and Iron in new and elegant designs.

Mantels

in all woods, native and foreign, from our own special designs

Tile

of every foreign make in rich enamel color-ings, and Patterns for Floors, Walls, Hearths, etc.

Special designs submitted upon application, for Halls, Vestibules and Bathrooms.

Foundry and Factory:

526, 528 and 530 West 25th St. SULLIVAN AND CORBETT.

HEARTY RECEPTIONS IN TWO CITIES.

ONE BIG CROWD CHEERS THE FORMER IN BROOK LYN AND ANOTHER THE LATTER

IN NEW-YORK.

Three thousand admirers of the manly art of selfdefence crowded into the Brooklyn rink, at Myrtle and Ulermont aves., last aight. Three-fourths of them took their coats off to fight the heat. It was a warm and enthusiastic crowd. All eyes were turned toward the stage in the centre of th rink. In one corner of it stood a huge floral harp, with a pair of white kid boxing gloves peacefully reposing upon its strings, and the inscription, "To John L. sullivan." A bright-eyed Japanese hung on to the ropes with a towel over his shoulder and a pitcher of water at his feet. A man weighing 200 pounds stood in the centre of the stage, stripped to waist. His body was as round as the trunk of a mirers the smooth muscles slid over and under one another like the colls of a great snake twisted around the tree-trunk.

The master of ceremonies, arrayed in a pair of speckled trousers, and gifted with an elect style like unto that of an elevated railroad guard, spun around on one heel before the shouting thousands cleaving the air with his outstretched hand, and thus addressed them: "Order, please! Interjoodn' John L. Sullivan, the champion of champions and of the world!" Then the great man folded his arms on his beg chest and spoke;
"Gentlemen: Thanks one and all for this kindly

applause. Now, as regards to my last fight; that which is to prove whether I am John L. Sullivan of old or John L. Sullivan to be passed by. (Wild chears.) I'm not here to speak disparagingly of Mr. Jim Corbett. (More cheering.) I am delighted to appear before a Brooklyn audience, which I disappointed you some years ago, but we'll let bygones be bygones. (Shouts of 'We will!') This is all till you hear from me the 7th of next month. (Wild yells After the Japanese body servant had given Sulli-

van a drink of water out of his pitcher, the champion of champions proceeded to make life miserable for "Mr. Jack" Ashton. His blows were delivered in sets of three, leading with the left and following it up with two from the right that came so close upon one another that they must have made the recipient see double stars. Few of them missed the devoted "Mr. Jack" Ashton, and in the last of the three short rounds he was evidently dazed and only struck out mechanically The sporting fraternity seemed to be so

disappointed at Sullivan's condition. They thought he had more stomach than was necessary, and he certainly did puff after chasing Mr. Ashton around the ring a few times. He starts for New-Orleans the scene of his "last battle," on Thursday.

New-Yorkers did not show the absorbing interest in James J. Corbett last night witch his managers expected. They had procured the Madison Square Garden for the all-day reception and exhibition which o be given, and they expected to have it well filled. On the contrary, the number of spectotors throughout the day was small, while at the sparring exhibition last night, which was intended to be the crowning glory of all, there were hardly to be the erowning glory of all, there were hardly more than 3,000 people. The big hall had been considerably changed for

its new purposes. The platform at the Fourth-ave draped with flags, but was nearly hidden by a high hand-ball court, upon which, in the af temoon, Corbett played his exhibition handball match with Lawlor, the Irish champion. middle of the floor, under the big chandeller, was

Boston, at Chechned.

Boston, at Chechned.

Baltimore, at Cleveland.
Baltimore, at Cleveland.
Baltimore, at Cleveland.
Baltimore, at Cheveland.
Ba used during the day in exhibiting the mode of training widch he has gone through in preparation for the match with Sullivan. Great interest was shown in this apparatus and in Corbett's use of it.

In addition to all the athletic exhibitions of the

day Corbett had an angry conference with Dominick McCaffrey regarding their proposed match. alleged that the other had not kept to the word which he had pledged, and there were various other recriminations. McCaffrey's backers say that Corbett

which he had pleuged, and there's backers say that Corbett find gone back on his original challenge which said that he could knock out McCaffrey in four rounds. Corbett denied that he ever said this. No match was made and it looks now as if the contest would never take place.

It was an impatient crowd which greeted the big puglist at about 11 o'clock p. m. All the early part of the evening was taken up with the exhibition sparring matches of inferior boxers. None of themen was very well-known, and the crowd clamored for Corbett. When he at last appeared he got an enthusiastic reception. He was looking in the best of condition, and appeared ready for more serious work than the light sparring which he did against John McVey and James Daly there appeared not an ounce of superfluons flesh on the puglist as he stepped into the ring, and he was exceedingly flight on his feet. The exhibition which he gave delighted the crowd. He allowed McVey to do a good deal of leading, but in the last rounds of his set-to against both him and Daly, Corbett let bimself out and did some pretty work. The crowd cheered him to the echo when time was called.

THE REGISTRATION OF CHINAMEN.

HARD WORK TO ENFORCE THE LAW-ONE ANSWERS THE CALL IN BROOKLYN.

Collectors of Internal Revenue Kerwin and Eldnan have, through their deputies, ordered the Chinese laborers of their respective districts to present them selvel at the revenue collection offices for registration, preparatory to the issuing to them of certificates, as provided by the Chinese registra-tion act passed by Congress last May. The deputies have been met by an apparent resistance on the part of Chinamen of all classes. General Michael J. Kerwin, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Second District, was not at his office yesterday, but Deputy Collector S. F. Havens had just finished writing a report of his investigation. To a Tribune reporter he said: "I have just returned from a notification tour; all the Chinamen seem to have been posted or else they are frightened. They refuse to comprehen the meaning of our visits, but our duty is done, and they must suffer the consequences if they do not comply with the law. Although the law requires no interpreters, we have tried to secure some to facilitate the work, but none of them will aid us, claiming that the law is unjust."

Ferdinand Eldman, Collector of Internal Revenue for the Third District said that a number of China men were trying to evade the law by saying that they were merchants, and therefore not amenable to law. His department, however, he states, hanothing to do with that.

A visit to the Chinese quarters last night disclosed the fact that the colony was grently excited over the prospect. Collections were made, it was said, to pay the expenses of a mass-meeting of Chinamen in this city on September 22, when a protest to the American people against the law will be issued. If it is seen hat they have the sympathy of the American people will be engaged to go before Congress and

petition it for a nullifying amendment to the act.

The first Chinaman to register in Brooklyn under the new law appeared at the office of Internal Revenue Collector Nathan yesterday. His name is George Chang Wing, of No. 1,426 Fulton-st. He has been welve years in this country and spent five years of the time in Chicago, a year and a half in New-Haven and the rest of the time in Brooklyn. Ho is a laundryman and has a good knowledge of English, which he is able to read and write as well as speak. As he had no photograph to attach to the certificate of registration he was taken to a photographer's gallery, and as soon as the pictures are insisted his name will be recorded. It is estimated that there are 1,000 Chinarenco in Brooklyn and the rest of Long Island, which men in Brooklyn and the rest of Long Island, which is in Collector Nathan's district. There has been talk is in Collector Nathan's district. There has been talk of an organized movement to test the law, but if Wing's example is followed to any extent it may come to nothing. the time in Chicago, a year and a half in New-Haven

Board at 4 p. m. in consultation with Commissione Bryant, Sanitary Superintendent Edson, General Emmons Clark and Chief Inspector Roberts. He declared then that there had been no selection of any island, but that a suitable place for the removal of cholera patients had been found. "It is not desirable to inform the public yet," he said, "but if the cholera makes its appearance in New York the place we have in mind will be ready for occupancy within twenty-four hours, and supplied with everything needful for the treatment of the disease. It is not at all certain that we are going to have any choicin here this year, but we will be prepared for the worst

It was said yesterday by another member of the Health Department that the first cases of cholera to be found in the city would be trun-ferred to barges which would be used as floating hospitals.

An investigation was said to have shown that Anton Potzel, an Austrian tailor, who was taken to Bellevue Hospital on Sunday and Isolated in a tent. was suffering only from ordinary diarrhoea. He arrived in this city on August 11, and had been but a few hours in Hamburg before going on board the steamer. Being destitute and without work he became weak and emaciated. He had a hearty appetite, the doctors at the hospital said.

The interest taken by the public in the precautions against cholera is shown by numerous letters which have been received by the Health Board lately. These letters complain of foul gutters, accumulation of filth in back yards and of other nuisances which would be likely to help spread contagion in the event of an outbreak of the cholera. One crank sent the following:

"To the Board of Health: "One of the best precantions against the cholera would be the prohibition of the publication of any new-paper during the epidemic. Don't you for-get it! Dr. R. S. Tracy, of the Health Department, sald

"The newspapers are stirring up more excitement in the city over the cholern than there was in 1866, when we had the disease here. I was in the city at that time and I remember that there was less exclument over the cholera in town than there seems to be now, when the cholera is yet on the other side of the beenn and likely to be kept away from New-York alto gether. The public fear of the disease will do no harm, and is likely to do a great deal of good. Many

harm, and is likely to do a great deal of good. Many nuisances will be removed and the city will be safer to live in afterward. Many persons also will be more careful in their habits."

The sanitary inspectors are busy making inspections and writing orders for the abatement of unisances every day, and it will not be their fault if the city is-not cleaner at the beginning of winter than it ever has been.

GUARDING AGAINST INFECTION

QUARANTINE OFFICIALS ACTIVELY AT WORK.

REGULATIONS TO BE STRICTLY ENFORCED-RIGHT INSPECTION OF IMMIGRANTS-POSSIBLE

DETENTION OF STEAMERS.

Dr. Jenkins yesterday decided to quarantine all ships coming from ports infected with cholera from two to four days, to land all steerage passengers on such ships on Hoffman Island, bathe them, and disinfect their baggage and clothing. In case there is cholers on board the cabin passengers may also be landed on the island. The dofter vesterday issued the following notice regarding quarantine regu lations "All vessels from cholera infected ports or carry

ing steerage passengers from infected localities will be subjected to quarantine of detention from two to Passengers and their baggage will b five days. transferred to Hoffman Island, where they will receive a bath, while baggage and clothing are disinfected by steam. Immediately after such transfer steerage and cargo will be disinfected. The passengers will be returned to the vessel, which in the absence of returned to the vessel, which in the absence of any development of suspicious cases will be allowed to proceed to her dock. This regulation is in accordance with a telegram sent to the Secretary of the Treasury requesting that the same regulations at the port of departure be enforced under the direction of the United States Consul. If the Health Officer is satisfied upon investigation that such regulations have been carried out at such ports in regard to emigrants the above regulations will be modified.

The above regulations will entail on this depart ment an enormous amount of labor, but by the co operation of the steamship companies it will be accomplished.'

Dr. Jenkins came to the city in the afternoon and met the agents of the transatlantic steamship lines in conference at No. 19 Broadway. The meeting was a harmonious one, the agents realizing that all the stringent precautions of the health office were called exigencies of the situation. Dr. Jenkins explained the provisions of his circular and the agents promised to ald him in every possible manner.

The Quarantine Commissioners held a meeting year terday and discussed some minor repairs to be made t Hoffman and Swinburne Islands. Commissioner Muller and Allen will go to the hospital Islands to day on a tour of inspection. All passes to board in coming steamers from the revenue cutters have been

revoked, and no more passes will be issued at present.

It was rumored yesterday that the cholera had broken out in Havana. The report could not b offices of the Ward and Spanish Transatlantic lines If cholera should appear in the West Indies, Incoming ships from West Indian ports will be strictly quarantined for a proper length of time and other precau tions taken. The agents of the Red Star line yester

day received the following dispatch from Aniwerp Deny all rumors of cholera at Antwerp. Only a few isolated cases of cholerine known, which have

The North German Lloyd Line's agents received the following dispatch in the morning from Bremen "German ports, with the exception of Hambur and Altona, are free from cholera, especially in Bremen, Bremerhaven and Nordenham, where there is no cholera whatever. All passengers coming from Humburg here are carefully examined and luggage disinfected. Shipping from Hamburg to Bremer here quarantined. Our lighterage service between Hamburg and Bremen suspended. We refuse emi-grants from Russia and infested districts. All emigrants' luggage disinfected before embarkation in

Later in the day the following dispatch was re-"Bremen, Aug. 29, 1892.

"Medical Commission officially publish this moment that no case of Asiatic cholera has been discovered here (in Bremen)."

The health officer and his deputies began a busy and anxious week at Quarantine yesterday. In th forenoon they inspected the Guion Line steamer Arizona, from Liverpool, the America from Hamburg and Mediterranean ports. Dr. es are Drs. Talmadge and ienkin's two deputies are Drs. Dr. Sanborn succeeded Dr. Stinner ordny. The Arizona was the first Saturday. ship boarded by the officials yesterday, and the medical gentlemen were up bright and early to go on board and hunt the cholera bacillus. The Arizona had 154 first and 166 second cabin passengers and 480 in the steerage. The immigrants were mostly from England and Ireland. The passengers and crew of the Arziona were found to be in good health. The basgage of the immigrants was opened and disinfected. Then the ship was allowed to proceed to her pier. Indicates the steeners were then boarded and the baggage of the immigrants disinfected. No cholera was found on board, and no anspicious ceses of any kind. In the afternoon the North German Lloyd steamship sant, which came in from Bremen, was visited and all found well on board. The baggage of the immigrants on the saal was disinfected before she was allowed to come up to the city. The Quarantine officials are anxiously awaiting the arrival of the steamship Polynesia, which is due here to day from Hamburg. She usually brings a large number of immigrants, and most rigid scrutiny will be given her even if there are no cases of cholera on board. So far, since the cholera scare, incoming steamers have brough unusually healthy lofs of immigrants. This is and doubtedly due to the more strict physical examination given would be emigrants on the other side. in the sicerage. The immigrants were mostly from

MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES AROUSED.

IT LOOKS AS IF TAMMANY WERE GOING TO CLEAN THE STREETS AT LAST.

Grant's morning at the City Hall yesterday was taken up with the reception of visitors and at tention to correspondence connected with the projects on foot for the prevention of cholera. President Charles G. Wilson and Dr. Cyrns Edson, of the Board of Health, held a conference with the Mayor, which related mainly to the proposition for selecting a point where those who may be afflicted with the disease can The prevailing sentiment was in favor of an island, convenient to the city, but far enough away to prevent danger of contagion. It was thought

Dr.LESLIE E. KEELEY Has established at Babylon, L. I., and White Plains, N. Y. Institutes for the cure of Alcoholism, Morchine and Nervous Diseases. For terms address or call at New-York office, 7 East 27th-st.

THE CHOLERA SPREADING. that South Brother Island could be furnished with, needed accommodations and appliances for the pur-pose. President Dana, of the Park Department, and President Wilson, of the Health Department, afterward consulted together on the subject. an island under the jurisdiction of the Park Depart-

ment might be selected. Acting Street-Cleaning Commissioner Dalton, writing in answer to Mayor Grant's letter relating to the state of the streets, informed the Mayor yesterday that he was making every possible effort for placing the city's thoroughfares in condition for a visitation of the scourge. He said that extra details of men had been assigned to certain East Side situations which were particularly difficult to clean. This was true of Hester-st, and other streets in that part of the city, which, although cleaned twice sluce Saturday, quickly relapsed into their normal state. Something would have to be done to impress the necessity for cleantiness upon the people of that section.

President Porter, of the Charitles Department, also sent the Mayor a report of the precautionary methods being employed in the institutions and asylums of the city for checking the disease should it make its appearance therein. Acting Controller Storrs reported hat Superintendent Sullivan had issued sanitary instructions for observance in the markets, which would be rigidly enforced. The Acting Controller said that no pains would be spared by the Finance Department in the use of means to prevent the coming of the epi

Following the orders of Mayor Grant, Commissioner Gilroy, of the Department of Public Works, yesterday issued instructions to his several heads of bureaus directing the immediate adoption of precautionary measures, with the object of preventing the cheler from obtaining a lodgment in this city. After noting the public slarm felt here in consequence of the out break of the dreaded epidemic in European scaports, which are in Maily communication with New-York City, Mr. Gilroy remarks that, in dealing with the disease, "the conditions of the water supply, the pavements, the sewers and drains, the various street Improvement works, the excavations and construction of private corporations and individuals in the public streets, and the free public baths, are important and e-sential elements." To place these in the best possible order in a

sanitary point of view, the Commissioner has sent ou these directions: "The chief engineer of the Croton Aqueduct will at once report to me the condition and quality of the available water supply in the Croton watershed, and whether and to what extent they, in his opinion, warrant the periodical flushing of street payements and sewers, for the purpose of cleansing work under his bureau which involve excavations in the public streets, the excavations be kept for the briefest possible period, and be refilled with the utmost promptitude, and that where ectants are needed to destroy the effects of deleterious materials, the Health Department be promptly notifie

"The Water Purveyor will at once cause an ex-amination to be made of the pavement in every street, with a competent and sufficient force of inspector and foremen, to ascertain and report every place of ecumulation and stagnation of water and filth, and revents effective surface drainage, and will pro energetically with all the available force and such additional force as he may require, to remedy all such defects in the shortest possible time. He will also lessue and rigidly enforce the necessary orders to pavement contractors in reference to the disposition paving material, the extent of excavations of roadbeds and general condition of works, to put them in good sanitary condition as possible, and to reduce the lowest practical limit the disruption of stree surfaces and obstructions to surface drainage.

The General Inspector of street Openings, under o direction of the Water Purveyor, will make an mediate and thorough inspection, with all the for ctine under his direction, of all the excavations and nstructions of private corporations and individual the public streets, and of the pavement for the ndition of which they are responsible. He will order ons which are not absolutely necessary to be kep spective works, and to put all their pavements in ood condition at once. He will promptly report to e any neglect or delay in complying with such orders, that effective and summary measures may be ken to enforce them.

The engineer in charge of sewers will immediately roceed, with all the force at his command, to make thorough examination of all sewers, drains, culverts id receiving basins, and put to work the necessar, re to clean in the shortest possible time every ewer and basin which requires cleaning, and to emove all obstructions to effective sewerage and rainage. He will also Issue and rigidity enforce regers to all sewer contractors to at once fill in their represe and excavations as closely as possible to the ctual sewer work, and keep them so filled in. Where isinfectants are necessary to destroy the effects of electrons materials, he will promptly notify the deleterious materius, ilealth Department, The superintendent of Sirect Improvements will be foregoing instruc-

follow and promptly carry out the foregoing instruc-tions, so far as they are applicable to works of regu-lating, grading, curbing and flagging streets and side walks.

"The Superintendent of Streets will at once pro-ceed with his repair force to repair all depressions and defects in macadam roadways and unpayed streets

face water and filth.

"The Superintendent of Repairs and Supplies will at once report to me the sanitary condition of each of the fifteen free floating baths, and of the water in and around them, with the causes of any delinement of the water or other circumstances detrimental to health, in order that the same may be at once remedied, or the baths removed to more suitable berths, or closed for the season."

for the season."
All the officials named are to make a full report to the Commissioner within three days, and from time to time thereafter as circumstances may require. Heads of bureaus and their immediate subordinates will be held individually responsible for a prompt and faithful execution of these orders.

ADVICES RECEIVED BY THE TREASURY. A REASSURING REPORT FROM M. PATENOTRE-NO

IMPORTED CHOLERA IN FRANCE. Washington, Aug. 29.-The following dispatch was received at the State Department from the United States Consul at Glasgow: "Cholera outbreak here among

Russian emigrants for America." The consul at Liverpool cabled as follows: "Cholera imminent. Strongly urge medical inspection immi-grants under consular directions, with official disnfection. Dispatch follows,"

The Department has already taken the action recom nended by the consul at Liverpool, said acting Seretary spaulding of the Treasury Department to-day The news of the Department's action has not probably that every precautionary measure that could be take states had been taken. New suggestions on the sub areful consideration of the Department.

France to the United States, M. Patenotre, sent to the Secretary of State, in conformity with the instrucions from the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, a report presented to the consulting committee public hygiene, of France, announcing the results of the investigation commenced by the Board of Health concerning the recent epidemic of cholera in the Department of seine. M. Patenotre's note says it ap-Department of scine. M. Patenotre's note says it ap-pears manifest from the report that the epidemic was not imported cholera; that the cases examined being solely due to the use of Selne water, of bad quality, never formed a contagious centre of infection, and finally that at present the sanitary situation has improved to such a degree that all danger may be considered to be averted. dered to be averted. This report, the Minister says further, makes it

clear that none of the French ports have shown and do not now show a single case of cholera, not even a suspicious case. The report to the committee is cated August e. It says in part that the use of the Seine water appears to have been the sole condition of the formation of the centres of infection and this explains the small degree of expansion or rather the non-expansion of the epidemic. Having its origin in the Seine water, it remained there and formed no centre of infection outside of this domain, atthough the conditions for haportation were not wanting in the case of more than one commune in the immediate neighborhood or among those distant from the great centres of infection. A number of cases and some deaths were reported at Paris. They saw the majority of those attacked and made a close examination into their disease and examined their discharges. They may absolutely assert that not a genuine case arose in Paris. dated August 8. It says in part that the use of the

A PHYSICIAN'S HINTS REGARDING CHOLERA cago, Aug. 29.- Notwithstanding the statement to the contrary, I fear we shall have a cholera epidemic in this country," said Dr. John H. Abbott, of Fall River, Mass., who is staying at a hotel in this city. "Everything points in that direction. It is more or less nonsensical to talk of perfect quarantine protection. Such a thing is not likely to be obtained. in England, where the regulations are much stricter than they are here, two cases have already crept in The germ travels by sea and land. It may come to us through the mails and through the thousand and one other ways which are the result of our com-mercial dealings with other nations. Therefore, the est reasonable thing to do is to hope cholera will not attack us, and at the same time to prepare to

"Food and drink are perhaps the two things to



"Black as the Ace of Spades!" That's what we said of the paint wh moved into this house. "Mercy, ma!" said Belle, my eldest daughter; "we'll never be able to get it clean." "Nothing like trying," said I; "go to the nearest grocer's, Belle, and tell him to sell you the best soap he has." Back she came, her face beaming. "Here's something better than Soap, ma; its Gold Dust Washing Powder. Don't you remember how auntie praised it up? Now we'll see if what she said proves erue in our case." Well it did, you'd better believe. I honestly think white chalk would make a black mark on that paint now. Our motto is, " If at first you don't succeed"-but you will if you use Gold Dust Washing Powder. Gold Dust Washing Powder is sold by all grocers.

N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., Sole Manufacturers, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, BOSTON,
BALTIMORE, NEW ORLEANS, SAN FRANCISCO,
PORTLAND, ME., PORTLAND, ORE., PITTSBUPGH AND MILWAUKER

which each individual should attend. Let every one avoid above all things fruit about which there is a suspleton of taint. The street vender should be shunned, and canned fruits are not safe. After fruit come vegetables, and the most extreme caution should be exercised. I recollect about six or seven years ago reading a discussion among the medical authoriago reading a discussion among the medical authorities in France, as to the colle-producing qualities of a certain class of green peas; and it was generally admitted that green peas were a source of considerable danger in time of cholera. Among the other things to be eschewed, however hard as it may seem, are fee-cream and feed articles of every kind. Intoxicants have a tendency to repress the system, and anything which brings about that result is bad. In addition to these bints, every one should give full appreciation to the advice of the German philosopher: "Keep a cool head and your feet warm."

AN ALLEGED CASE IN MINNESOTA.

Northfield, Minn., Aug. 29 (Special).-An alleged ase of cholera has caused considerable excitement t Castle Rock, a small town ten miles north of here. The victim was Mrs. T. H. Gill, who died after an illness of four hours. Dr. Schmidt, the attending physician, said "I have had charge of a great many cases in America, and if this is not cholera there never was a case."

A FAISE ALARM IN DETROIT.

Detroit, Aug. 29.-Something of a sensation was reated last night by a report that cholera had been discovered among the immigrants who arrived here yesterday. It was found upon investigation that Carl Lentz, an immigrant accompanied by his wife and amily, had exhibited symptoms which made examining physicians for a time suspicious of cholera. Health Officer Duffield finally decided, however, that it was not the drend discase; but, as a matter of precaution. Lentz was sent back across the river to Windsor and placed in a detention hospital.

FOR SUSPENDING IMMIGRATION. THE SUGGESTION OF THE ILLINOIS STATE BOARD OF HEALTH WIDELY APPROVED.

Chicago, Aug. 29 (Special).-The proposition of the illinois State Board of Health, to suspend immigration from all cholera-infected countries, has received in-dorsement already from twenty-three other State Boards of Health. The circular of the Illinois Board on the subject is issued for the purpose of bringing public attention to the necessity of complete isola tion. It points out that Asiatic cholers is an exotic, and must be imported in order to afflict this country. From the first introduction of the disease, in 1832, his tory shows that its importation has been effected only through the persons and personal effects of immi-grants. It is the consensus of belief among sunitarians and health officials that to suspend immigration now would be to insure immunity from a cholera epidemic. It is held, however, by prominent lawlyers n this city that a special session of Congress who he necessary to order a suspension of immigration.
The proposed memorial to the President has, therefore,

TO EXAMINE THE CANADIAN QUARANTINE. Corcord, N. H., Aug. 29.-Dr. J. N. McCormick, of towling Green, Ky., president, and Dr. Probst, secreary, of the National Conference of State Boards of Health, and Dr. J. A. Watsen, of this city, secretary of the American Public Health Association, will go to Quebec to-morrow, where they will make an examination of the quarantine arrangements and regulations n force there, and make an investigation as to what means are being used by the Dominion Government o protect the country from an invasion of cholem.

been abandoned, and Illinois will exercise its State

THE CEPHALONIA DETAINED IN BOSTON. Boston, Aug. 29.-The Cunard steamer Cephalonia which docked at East Boston yesterday morning from Liverpool, had one case of sickness on board. saloon passenger, a woman of Boston, was suddenly taken ill on Saturday, and as a precautionary measure against cholers, she was detained on board the ship to await further developments.

NEWARK PREPARING FOR CHOLERA.

The Committee on Sanitation of the Board of Health met yesterday and considered measures for improving the sanitary condition of the city Health Physician Lehlbach sent out inspectors yes-terday into different tenement sections. He said that the city was in good condition, and that he had no apprehension that the cholera would find a lodgement in Newark. Particular attention will be given to the sections where the Russian, Polish, Italian and other cerent immigrants are settled in colonies.

TO ENFORCE THE LAW FOR A TIME

Collector Hendricks yesterday learned that Captala disrupt the organization, which would, of course, shut off the subsidy. The Pacific Mail is, therefore, between sarends, of the Augusta Victoria, which arrived on saturday night, had allowed seven persons to board the steamship with the Quarantine officers. This is a direct violation of law and is punishable by a heavy fine, though under ordinary circumstances the law is not rigidly enforced. The Collector has called upon the captain to explain his action and will hereafter en-force the law. His object is to keep people from vessels which have not been thoroughly inspected and

| CLOSING PRICES OF SAN FRANCISCO STOCKS | Saturdays To-day | Saturday | Satur

FLINT'S FINE FURNITUR

INEXPENSIVE, ELEGANT.

purchases of furniture are strongly urged to see and compare our prices before buying. We are offering all kinds and styles of furniture at much less than customary rates, having unrivalled facilities for cheap production. We do not deal in the commonest grades. All

our goods, no matter how low the prices, are thoroughly constructed. ALL MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.

"BUY OF THE MAKER."

SCHENCK'S PURELY VEGETABLE AND STRICTLY

RELIABLE.

They are the ONLY RELIABLE VEGETABLE LIVES
PILL SOLD, They are PERFECTLY RARMLESS.
They are PURELY VEGETABLE: TRY THEM. DR. SCHENCK S Book on Consumption, Liver Co-plaint and Dyspepsia, sent Free. DR. J. H. SCHENCK & SON, Philadelphia, Pa.

REDUCED. Mrs. L. M. Campbell,
Acgonya, Wir., says: The accompanying statement of my
weight and measurements
will show the results of Eve
menths' treatment.

Hips.... 58 in. 40 in. 13 in. PATIENT'S TREATED BY MAIL. CONFIDENTIAL Harmless, and with no starving, inconvenience, but offices. For particulars address, with a cents in sample Dr. O. W. F. Snyder. M'Vicker's Theatre, Calcage, IL

EVERY ARTICLE of necessity or luxury in the line of China and Glassware is constant-

ly on hand at WILHELM & GRAEF'S.

Breadway & 26th St.

GILLIES | Het Roasted Mocha and Java, 30 & 32c | Brazilhan Java, 20c h; tens, 20c & 25c | COFFEES | at Gilles, 233 to 236 Washington-st.

THE PACIFIC MAIL'S FUTURE

\$1,000 For its equal, THE MAGIC INSECT EX.

LEIMIN & OH, sure death to all fineess
explosive. Also our Magic Roach Food, destroys roaches
and water bugs. Soid everywhere.

SALLADE, & CO., Mrs., New-York.

WILL IT HAVE TO ADOPT THE CAPE HORN ROUTE?

authority if necessary. Meanwhile full confidence is reposed in the vigilance and efficiency of the Marine Hospital service, in the matter of preventing an inva-sion of the disease. A RUPTURE PROBABLE BETWEEN THE STEAM SHIP COMPANY AND THE PANAMA RAILROAD. It was learned vesterday that the friendly relations existing between the Pacific Mail Steamship Com-pany and the Parama Railroad Company are more than likely to be broken off. For fifteen years the two companies have been working in harmony under a contract which will expire on February When this contract was made, in 1878, the companies were practically one interest, and the formal agre entered into was drawn up without the same rega sable changes in the signation that would have characterized it had the two properties been separate and the conditions and character of the business have changed since then, so that now the contract is con-sidered unjust and unreasonable by both. Negotia

tions were entered into sometime ago for the formula-tion of a new contract, but no agreement has been reached, and the Panama Company has now served notice upon the officers of the Pacific Mail that unless the terms of the former company are accepted by Thursday all negotiations will be declared off. The situation is complicated by the attitude of the Transcontinental Railway Association. This body has for several years guaranteed to the Pacific Mail that its receipts for transcontinental business shall not fall below #900,000 a year. The average annual cost to \$300,000. The guarantee has been about \$300,000. The guarantee has for a long time been a bone of contention among the members of the association, and recently it has been voted only for the tinued until December 1, and it is likely that the sa sociation would take similar action on it from time time indefinitely, were it not for the fact that a rate war, precipitated by the Canadian Pacific, threatens to

subsidy from the Transcontinental Association, and on the other, it objects to demands finade by the Panama said yesterday: "The fifteen-year contract between our company and the Pacific Mail will expire next February. There is a hitch in the negotiations for its renewal. The Pacific Mail has paid us \$55,000 monthly from its subsidy from the Transcontinental Association, and now wishes to reduce our share. If he Pacific Mail does not accede to our terms it will be without a route to take freight across the continent. We will then go ahead independently to the point of establishing our own line of steamers to New-York and San Francisco. We are issuing some bends with the view of probably extending our line in Panama Bay and securing other advantages. The company is in a strong position for an independent service. There is \$1,500,000 in the sinking fund. If the Pacific Mail contract should not be renewed it would have to pay us local freight rates or build line of its own, which is not likely,

"Our disagreement with the Pacific Mall people is not so much one of money as of the distribution of of the Pacific Mail in Central America and Mexico was practically nothing, and was not considered. Now it makes up a large part of their tonnage. In 1891 we carried for them 51,000 tons, of which 21,000 tons was for the Central American and Mexican trade, Under the contract we have no interest in all this tween us. The old contract was operous and unjust to both companies and neither cen afford to renew it, but I cannot tell you yet whether we can get together under a new agreement or not

Vice-President Houston, of the Pacific Mail Steam-ship Company, said that the negotiations with the not say that they would not be. He thought that the extraordinary demands of the railroad had been instigated by the Panama Canal Company through its

If the Pacific Mail is prevented from using the If the Pacific Mail is prevented from using the Fanama Railroad for its transcontinental business it will be forced to send its freight around Cape Horn, as there is at present no other available routs. The news of the probable rupture between the two companies and the consequent embarrassment to the racific Mail sent the stock of the latter down with a jump yesterday. Closing quotations on Saturday were 33. The opening yesterday was 32 34, the highest point for the day. The stock went as low as 29 3-4, closing at 30 3-8.

Retween 6th and 7th aves., one door west of 6th ave. tral. See time table.